		Target Group			Overview of the scheme											Qualifications					Duration				work-based (in-company) training and school-b			Formal relationship with the employer						Remuneration		Responsibility of employers							
	Scheme	Q27. What is the target group of this scheme?		Q28. What is the age of learners?	Q9. Is the scheme included in the ISCED 2011 mapping?	Q10. Is the scheme part of the VET system?	Q11. When was the scheme introduced?	Q12. How did the apprenticeship scheme originate?	Q13. What are the major sources of financing of the in-company training part of the apprenticeship scheme?	Q14. Are there any financial incentives for companies that offer apprenticeship places?	Q15. Is the scheme temporary, meaning that it is financed for a limited period of time?	Q16. How many learners are enrolled in this scheme?	Q17. How many learners are enrolled in this scheme in relation to all VET students?	Q18. How many learners are enrolled in the scheme in relation to all programmes for learners of the same age group?	Q19. Does the apprenticeship scheme result in a qualification	Q20. Which is the type of qualification obtained through the apprenticeship scheme?	Q21. Is the qualification included in the National Qualification Framework (NQF)	Q22. How does the qualification link to the scheme?	Q23. Does the scheme provide direct access to higher education?	Q24. What is the duration of the VET pathway? (please refer to the typical duration)	Q25. How is the length of stay in apprenticeships defined in the regulation?	Q26. Is there a distinction between the training and working period for the time spent at workplace, as per regulation?	Q27. Is in-company training a compulsory part of the scheme,	Q28. Is there a minimum share of time of the apprenticeship spent in in-company training compulsory as per regulation?	Q29. What is the form of alternation of training between workplace (company) and school / training centre?	Q30. Is any contractual arrangement between the learner, company and/or education and training provider required as per regulation?	Q31. Which parties enter a contractual relationship?	Q32. What is the nature of the contract?	Q33. Where is the contract registered?	Q34. What is the status of the learner?	Q35. Do apprentices receive a salary, allowance or compensation?	Q36. Who pays the salary / allowance of the apprentice?	Q37. Is the company hosting apprentices required to provide training in the workplace?	Q38. What are the requirements on training companies, as per regulation?	Q39. Are there any sanctions on companies that do not provide training to apprentices at the workplace?	Q40. What is the role of chambers, employers' and employees' organisations and/or social partner councils (if existent), in apprenticeships, as per regulation?
		Young people in initial vocational education and training (15-16 year-olds)	Young adults in education and training (above 16 year-olds)	Unemployed	Other (please specify in the description)	Between 15 and 18	Between 18 and 24	Above 24	Yes	No	Yes, it is the main route in the VET system	Yes, but it is considered a second-chance route	No, it is a stand-alone delivery outside of formal VET	Yes, it was introduced before 2000	Yes, it was introduced between 2000-2010	No, it was introduced after 2010	Traditional craftsmanship/master apprentice-ship/to prepare apprentices for the next school-based VET track by including more work-based learning to supply skilled workers	Programmes for the unemployed (active labour market measures) to facilitate integration	Other	Via companies hosting apprentices	Via employers through sectoral funds	Via the state from the education budget	Via the state from the labour/social security budget	Via EU funding	Other	Yes, subsidies	Yes, tax deductions	Yes, other incentives	No financial incentives	Yes	No	The main VET track (majority of VET learners - more than 60% of VET learners)	Strong VET track (important share of VET learners - between 10%-60%)	Minor track (small share of learners - between 10% and 30%)	Very small track (less than 10%)	Apprentices are not considered as learners (they are employees)	The main VET track (majority of VET learners - more than 60% of VET learners)	Strong VET track (important share of VET learners - between 10%-60%)	Minor track (small share of learners - between 10% and 30%)	Very small track (less than 10%)	Yes	No	Educational qualification	Occupational/vocational qualification	Yes	No	Yes, since NQF	No, it is a specific type of qualification which can only be obtained through this apprentice	The same qualification can be achieved also through other programmes (i.e. school-b	Yes	No	Add text a minimum and maximum	Add text a minimum	Add text a maximum	Is not defined by regulation	Yes, the legal framework makes this distinction	No, the legal framework makes no distinction	Yes	No	Yes, equivalent to more than 30%	Yes, between 20% and 30%	Yes, less than 20%	No, no minimum share is compulsory	Very work includes both venues	One or more weeks (less than 1 month) spent at VET school followed by one or more w	One or more months (less than 1 year) spent at VET school followed by one or more w	Usually period (<2 years) spent at VET school followed by a longer period spent train	Various. Depends on VET school/training centre	Other	Not specified	Yes	No	Yes, the employer	Yes, the employer and the apprentice	Other	Yes, the education and training institution	At the employment office	At the chambers	At the ministry of education	Other	Apprentice is a specific status	Student	Employee	Other	Yes, if apprentice receives a salary (taxable income)	Yes, if apprentice receives an allowance (not a form of taxable income)	Apprentices receive a reimbursement of expenses	Compensation is possible but not required	No form of compensation is contained by law	Employers	State	Other	Yes	No	Yes, it requires a master/tutor/trainer	How to provide a master/tutor/trainer	How to provide training environment	How to ensure learning support	How to develop a training plan	Other	No	Role in designing qualifications/curricula	Role in final assessment of apprentices	Role in quality assurance of work-based VET	Role in governance of apprenticeships	Responsible for the regulation of the context	Other	No role
TCE-Partner																																											
Deutschland	Dual VET	X	X				X	X	X	X	X		X		X				X		X						X																	
	Dual studies		X				-	-	X				X	X	X				X		X						X																	X
Luxemburg	Apprenticeship contract	X	X	X			X	X	X		X	X	X		X				X		X					X																		
Schweiz																																											
Südtirol																																											
Österreich	Dual apprenticeship	X					X	X	X	X	X		X		X				X		X					X																		
	Supra-company apprenticeship	X		X			X	X	X	X			X		X				X		X					X																		
Projektpartner																																											
Finnland	Apprenticeship training	X	X	X	X	X			X	X			X		X				X		X					X																		
Ungarn	Apprenticeship - Dual vocational training based on the apprenticeship training contract	X	X				X	X	X	X			X		X				X		X					X																		
Stille Partner																																											
Belgien (FR)	Dual training	X	X				X	X	X	X	X		X		X				X		X					X																		
Belgien (NL)	Part-time vocational secondary education	X	X	X			X	X	X		X		X		X				X	X	X					X																		
	Apprenticeships for SMEs	X	X				X	X	X		X		X		X				X	X	X					X																		
Bulgarien	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Dänemark	Apprenticeship		X		X	X	X	X	X	X		X		X		X			X		X					X																		
Estland	Workplace-based learning	X	X	X	X	X	X	X		X		X		X		X			X		X					X																		
Frankreich	Apprenticeship contract	X	X		X	X	X	X		X		X		X	X	X	X		X		X					X																		
	Professionalisation contract		X	X	X	X	X	X		X		X		X	X	X	X		X		X					X																		
Griechenland	EPAS apprenticeships		X			X	X			X		X			X	X	X		X		X					X																		
Großbritannien	Apprenticeships [England]		X	X		X	X	X	X				X		X				X		X					X																		
	Modern Apprenticeships [Scotland]		X			X	X			X			X		X				X		X					X																		
Niederlande	Dual pathway	X				X	X			X			X		X				X		X					X																		
Norwegen	Upper-secondary vocational programmes	X				X	X			X			X		X				X		X					X																		
Italien	Apprenticeship for vocational qualification and diploma, upper secondary-education diploma and high technical specialisation certificate [Type 1]	X	X				X	X	X		X		X		X				X		X					X																		
	Occupation-oriented apprenticeship [Type 2]		X	X			X	X	X		X		X		X				X		X					X																		
	Higher education and research apprenticeship [Type 3]				X		X	X	X		X		X		X				X		X					X																		
Irland	Apprenticeships in Ireland		X			X	X	X	X		X		X		X				X		X					X																		
Island	Apprenticeship	X			X	X	X	X	X		X		X		X				X		X					X																		
Kroatien	Unified Model of Education	X	X	X		X	X	X	X		X		X		X				X		X					X																		
Lettland	Craft apprenticeship		X		X	X	X	X		X			X		X				X		X					X																		
	Work-based learning (WBL)	X	X			X	X		X		X		X		X				X		X					X																		
Litauen	VET in form of apprenticeship	X	X	X		X	X	X	X	X	X		X		X				X		X					X																		
Malta	MCAST apprenticeships	X	X			X	X	X		X			X		X				X		X					X																		
Polen	Vocational preparation of young workers	X	X			X	X		X	X	X		X		X				X		X					X																		
Portugal	Professional VET programmes	X				X		X	X	X			X		X				X		X					X																		
	Apprenticeship programmes		X	X	X	X	X	X		X			X		X				X		X					X																		
	Vocational courses at upper sec. Level	X				X		X	X	X			X		X				X		X					X																		
	Adult education and training		X	X	X		X	X	X	X			X		X				X		X					X																		
	Technological specialisation programmes		X	X			X	X	X	X			X		X				X		X					X																		
Rumänien	Apprenticeship at the workplace		X	X	X		X	X	X		X		X		X				X		X					X																		
	VET in dual system	X				X		X		X			X		X				X		X					X																		
Schweden	Apprenticeship education in upper secondary school (Gy11)	X	X			X		X		X			X		X				X		X					X																		
	Work introduction employment		X	X		X	X	X		X			X		X				X		X					X																		
	Supplementary education programmes		X	X		X	X	X		X			X		X				X		X					X																		
Slowakei	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Slowenien	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Spanien	Apprenticeships in Dual VET	X	X		X	X	X	X	X		X		X		X				X		X					X																		
Tschechien	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ukraine	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Zypern	New Modern Apprenticeship	X				X		X		X			X		X				X		X					X																		